

# The Brattleboro Reformer

DAILY

VOL. 1. NO. 182.

BRATTLEBORO, VERMONT, FRIDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 3, 1913.

PRICE, 2 CENTS.

## TARIFF BILL ALMOST A LAW

President Wilson Plans to Sign Measure at 9 o'clock Tonight

## ADMINISTRATION'S FIRST GREAT REFORM

And the First Democratic Tariff Bill Enacted in Almost 20 Years—Complete Revision in Import Duties—Income Tax.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 3. — President Wilson began work this morning with the prospect of signing tonight the first great reform measure of his administration and the first Democratic tariff revision bill passed in nearly a score of years. Democratic leaders of the House and Senate had smoothed the way for the last legislative step for the approval of the bill, congressional clerks had engrossed and prepared the huge document for the president's signature, and it remained only to secure formal action of the House in receding from its cotton futures tax amendment to complete the tariff bill.

Embodied in this piece of legislation, which has been pending since April 8, is a complete revision and general reduction of nearly all import duties levied by this government on foreign merchandise, a new income tax that will strike every person having a net income in excess of \$3,000, and an array of important changes in the customs laws and internal revenue regulations.

After a conference with Democratic leaders this noon President Wilson planned to sign the bill at 9 o'clock tonight, and invited Chairman Underwood, and members of the ways and means committee, Chairman Simmons and members of the finance committee, Vice-President Marshall, Speaker Clark, cabinet members and others, including newspaper correspondents to be present.

President Wilson's signing of the tariff bill tonight brings into effect one of the most far-reaching revisions of tariff rates and revenue laws enacted for many years.

A new income tax, applying directly to the incomes of citizens; the abolition of all tariff on scores of items of immense importance to American industry and American consumers and a heavy reduction of tariff rates on most of the articles in general use in this country are its chief features.

While certain portions of the new law do not take effect at once, most of its provisions and almost all the direct tariff reductions do.

At every port collectors of customs, appraisers of merchandise and hun-

dreds of other employees of the treasury department will plunge at once into the task of collecting the nation's revenue on a new basis, and with hundreds of new classifications and new provisions of law to complicate their activities.

The federal government has been spending nearly a billion dollars a year and the new tariff law will raise less than one-third of that sum. Recent estimates by tariff experts in Congress predict that the rates will raise \$249,000,000 a year; and that the income and corporation taxes will raise \$122,000,000. The remainder of the government's great income is made up principally of internal revenue taxes and postal receipts.

The income tax probably will bring the new tariff law most forcibly to the attention of citizens. President Wilson and Democratic leaders in Congress believe, however, that the reduction of duties on clothing, foodstuffs and other necessities of life, and the complete removal of the duty from many like articles, will eventually bring a reduction in the "cost of living" without materially affecting business prosperity.

A brief summary of the new tariff law as prepared for the Senate follows: Average percentage of tariff rates as compared to the value of all imported merchandise. Old law 37 per cent; new law 27 per cent.

Value of annual imports added to the free list \$147,000,000.

Estimated revenue from all import rates: old law \$305,000,000; new law \$249,000,000.

Estimated revenue from corporation and income taxes old law \$37,000,000; new law \$122,000,000.

Altogether, consumers in the United States probably will receive from abroad free of all tariff, more than \$1,000,000,000 worth of merchandise during the next year.

During 1912 the amount of "free imports" was more than \$880,000,000, and when the tariff is entirely removed from wool, sugar, iron ore and cheap iron, and other important items, the total is expected to increase notably.

Under the old law more than 25 per cent of all goods brought to the United States from all parts of the world paid no tariff and that proportion will be increased by the new law. The free wool provision of the new law takes effect December 1, 1913; the free sugar provision May 1, 1916.

The new tariff law, passed four years after President Taft signed the existing Aldrich-Payne law, is the result of more than nine months of work in Congress. Hearings were started January 6, by the House ways and means committee. Chairman Underwood introduced the tariff bill April 7, immediately after President Wilson had convened the new Congress. It passed the House May 8 and the Senate September 9.

## DEAN FORBES SERIOUSLY ILL

Connected With St. Lawrence University Many Years.

Dean Henry P. Forbes of the theological school of St. Lawrence university at Canton, N. Y., is critically ill of cancer of the stomach. He has been connected with the school more than a quarter of a century. Mr. Forbes married Miss Hattie E. Wood of Vernon, Vt.

## HISTORY OF MELENDY CO.

Given at the Telephone Hearing in Montpelier Yesterday

## FAMILY EXCHEQUER A JOINT AFFAIR

Plan to Raise Rate to \$15 in View When Commission Issued Order—Hearing Likely to Continue for Months It Is Believed.

MONTPELIER, Oct. 3.—While rain splashed against the windows of the state house yesterday, scores of witnesses, officials and lawyers for the New England Telephone and Telegraph company listened to the monotonous testimony of seven witnesses representing independent telephone companies, one of which was the Melendy system which operates in Windham county. At times there were flashes of humor introduced in the testimony but on the whole the third day of the hearing before the public service commission was tedious. The testimony was substantially the same as that taken Wednesday. The witnesses were practically unanimous in objecting to a reduction in rates ordered by the commission.

The witnesses gave in detail statements concerning their plants and their testimony, which covered hundreds of sheets of the stenographers' notebooks, was to the effect that there is no money to be made in operating small telephone companies at the average rental rates charged in Vermont.

Though the public service commission has ordered the New England and its subsidiary companies to show reason why the rates should not be reduced on December 1, next, there are many statistical experts at the hearing who say that it is practically a physical impossibility for the commissioners to weigh the testimony, to be taken before that date. It is pointed out that the commission must study the cost of plant, operation and maintenance before it can consistently insist on its order becoming effective. In view of the fact that the New England company has practically a monopoly of financial and statistical data to submit to the commission when its case is reached those interested are inclined to shake their heads and doubt the commissioner's ability to finish its adjudication of the various phases of the inquiry inside of three or four months.

J. W. Melendy of the Melendy Telephone company, a partnership concern operating in South Londonderry and adjacent towns, said he started in business about 1906. His first line had five instruments and he charged a rental of \$3 a year. He then doubled the rate, but saw he couldn't live and raised the price to \$12. He now has 550 phones connected at that rate, and said he had planned to raise his rate to \$15 a year but had deferred doing this on account of the order of notice sent out by the commission.

He gave the following figures for the year 1912: Receipts, \$6194.68; expenditures, \$5159.69, leaving a balance of \$1035.00, to pay for the operation of the central office at his home, the office, the bookkeeping and the rent, and team hire.

"We have a good many phones that

cost us nearly twice the \$12 we get from them to keep them going, they are so far away," he said.

W. E. Graham, counsel for the state, brought out the fact that Mr. Melendy was operating under an old traffic contract with the New England people. It appeared, however, that he had been offered a new contract but that he had not decided to accept it.

Asked if his son was not in receipt of a salary of \$1000 a year from the business the witness replied that his son never had received one cent from the business.

Mr. Graham also brought out the fact that while the accounts were kept separately all the various interests of the Melendy family centered in the joint family exchequer.

The witness was unable to state just what his plant had cost because it was built at different periods and no detail account was kept. Witness said he paid an annual rental of 75 cents for transmitters and receivers, but he was now buying instruments as fast as he could find the ready money.

## DON'T CONTRIBUTE WITHOUT INQUIRY

Solicitors for Outside Causes Without Board of Trade Endorsement Should Be Shunned.

Local merchants report that solicitation of funds by strangers has been unusually frequent of late, hardly a week passing without visits from one or more representatives of alleged worthy causes. This is a matter which was taken up by the local board of trade not long ago, and members were urged to give to no solicitor unless he carried an official board of trade endorsement. Solicitors whose causes will bear investigation will find it easy enough to get such endorsement, and for that reason the only safe plan for local people to follow when asked for funds by strangers is to make them prove that they have been "inspected and passed." In case of doubt the thing to do is to telephone the secretary of the board, C. S. Hopkins, or the chairman of the publicity committee, H. C. Rice.

## DUCKS WERE STUFFED AND NEVER WINCED

Hunter at Spofford Lake Needlessly Took Great Precaution Against Frightening Them.

A doughty hunter of Chesterfield had a fine time at Spofford lake recently, shooting a number of fine ducks. He was tipped off by some friends that there were ducks in the lake and, putting his trusty weapon in prime shape, he snatched forth, taking great precaution against frightening the ducks. When he got within shooting distance he shot, and then he shot some more, but the ducks, or what was left of them, remained in the same position. It turned out that when Pine Grove Springs hotel was shut up for the season someone found several stuffed ducks. They were mounted on boards and were taken to the lake, weighted to keep them upright, and left there. Mr. Hunter found his bag not as valuable as he believed.

## CANAL SURVIVES EARTHQUAKE.

Los Santos Province Reports Greatest Intensity of Shocks.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 3.—Col. George W. Goethals, chairman and chief engineer, isthmian canal commission, issued a statement last night saying that absolutely no damage was done by Wednesday night's earthquake to any part of the canal. The canal officials are greatly pleased over the fact that within the space of one week the Gatun locks have been called upon to respond to two supreme tests, and in each case proved equal to the demand.

On Friday last it was demonstrated beyond question that the lock operating mechanism works perfectly, and that vessels can be locked through at will. While the earthquake test was not figured on, still in one sense of the word the event came opportunely, inasmuch as it has showed to the world that it will take more than the ordinary earthquake to cause irreparable damage to the lock structures and dams. Lieut. Col. Sibert went over the greater part of the Gatun locks in person yesterday, and satisfied himself that there had been no damage. Col. Goethals was early assured that the canal works had suffered no injury, and before noon on the isthmian practical by everyone knew the fact. The president of Panama, Dr. Belisario Porras, personally inspected the canal works yesterday afternoon and learned with great relief that the quake had left the canal unharmed.

## THE WEATHER.

Fair Weather Predicted for Tomorrow After Rain Tonight.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 3.—The weather forecast for the next 24 hours: Local rains this afternoon and tonight. Saturday fair with moderate to brisk northwest winds.

The value of the Turkish tobacco exports to the United States increased from \$3,902,643 in 1910 and \$8,629,224 in 1911 to \$10,010,952 in 1912.

## CALLED HUMAN CATTLE SHOW

Injunction Issued Against Belchertown Fair by Judge Aiken

## MUST BE PURE AGRICULTURAL SHOW

Attempt to Do Away With Annual Exhibition Has Endangered Much Feeling—Immoral Conditions Charged in Complaint Filed With Court.

NORTHAMPTON, Oct. 3.—A hearing was held before Chief Justice John A. Aiken in the superior court room here yesterday on the information in equity given to the superior court by Attorney-General James M. Swift, at the request of a number of citizens of Belchertown, asking that the Belchertown Farmers' and Mechanics' association be enjoined from holding the annual fair on the Belchertown common in the month of October, 1913, or at any other time. After evidence had been given by 19 witnesses on each side of the case, arguments were made by W. L. Stevens on behalf of the petition and by S. S. Taft of Springfield on behalf of the Farmers' and Mechanics' club. Judge H. C. Davis of Ware also adjudged on behalf of the club. Justice Aiken gave his decision at 6:30 last evening, immediately after the close of the arguments, as follows:

"The respondents are ordered forthwith to cancel and terminate any invitation, permit or license heretofore given to maintain on the Belchertown common in the month of October, 1913, any tent, booth or stand for shows, exhibitions or entertainments other than those of an agricultural character or for the purpose of furnishing refreshments." In practically the same words the order applies to future years, making the injunction permanent.

The information to the superior court alleged that the Farmers' and Mechanics' association had no legal right to lease to individuals space on the grounds, and so deprive the public of the use and enjoyment of the common. It was alleged that the rented spaces were used for the presentation of immoral shows and for the operation of gambling devices, and that the annual fair brought together lawless, violent, turbulent and dangerous assemblies of people, causing disturbance and affrays, drunkenness, debauchery, gambling, obscenity and immorality, that the safety of property and the safety and morals of the people were endangered, to the prejudice of the good name and general welfare of the people, and, finally, that the holding of the fair is a public nuisance.

The movement to do away with Belchertown's chief annual public event has apparently engendered much feeling among the citizens of the town on both sides. A petition signed by 113 names was presented in opposition to the fair, and a petition signed by 290 names was presented in its favor. Some of the testimony on both sides had an acrid flavor, as when one woman witness, opposed to the fair, said that she called it a "human show," and another woman, favoring the fair, said that evil-minded people could find evil anywhere.

## MCCORMICK GIVEN EIGHTEEN MONTHS

Pleaded Guilty to Using Mail to Defraud—Received Letters with Money at South Vernon.

(Special to The Reformer.)

BOSTON, Oct. 3. In a session of the federal court here today, Frank O. McCormick, who was arrested in New York recently on the charge of using the mails for the purposes of fraud at South Vernon, Vt., pleaded guilty to the charge. Judge Morton sentenced the respondent to 18 months in jail. McCormick was under indictment by the federal grand jury.

Under the name of G. E. Munzy, McCormick advertised in Boston newspapers to send by parcel post three and one-half pounds of fresh butter or three and one-half dozens of eggs for \$1. He received many replies, but Postmaster E. B. Buffum refused to deliver the letters to him without identification, and McCormick's action led to his arrest. Previous to calling for the letters McCormick was in Hinsdale, N. H.

## THANKSGIVING DAY NOV. 19.

Illinois People Want It On That Date to Commemorate Lincoln's Address.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Oct. 3. — Governor Dunn will call a conference of leading citizens of the state next week to consider proposition of addressing a memorial to President Wilson asking him to fix Wednesday, Nov. 19, as Thanksgiving day for this year, that date being the 50th anniversary of the delivery by Abraham Lincoln of his immortal Gettysburg address.

## REV. THOMAS CULL'S SEMI-CENTENNIAL

Anniversary of Ordination Observed in Cambridge, N. Y.—Formerly Lived in Estey Homestead.

The 50th anniversary of the ordination of Rev. Thomas Cull, who with his family lived for four years in the Estey homestead in this town, was observed recently by the church in Cambridge, N. Y. He was ordained by the church at Malone, which he already had served one year as acting pastor and which he subsequently served four years as pastor. His pastorates in order were: Adams village, two years; Tabernacle, Albany; Stillwater, nearly four years; Middletown, Ohio, nearly seven years; Greenwich, N. Y., more than 14 years; West Pawlet, Vt., eight years; Cambridge, eight years. He also was state missionary for Vermont two years.

His work in all these fields has been of a high order marked by additions and material and spiritual upbuilding. Just now his Cambridge church is making necessary repairs on its edifice and parsonage, putting a new foundation under the church building where it is giving way, and painting both edifice and parsonage. These repairs will cost about \$700, which sum already has been raised.

A friend outside the church gave the church \$1000, and another, likewise outside the church, gave \$1000. Mr. Cull has wisely placed these sums in trust with the state convention, so he feels that the future of the church is assured after he gives up the work.

His anniversary was remembered by a host of friends, and he was surprised by the gathering of the members of the church, the pastors of the village and others at the parsonage. Rev. John R. Fisher gave expression to the congratulations and felicitations of the gathering.

## MAY BE LAST WORLD'S SERIES

Sentiment in Favor Abandoning it for An Interleague Series for All Big League Teams.

NEW YORK, Oct. 3. — This year may be the last to see a world's championship series according to baseball gossip heard in many quarters. Agitation in favor of abandoning the world's championship each fall and substitution of an interleague post season series in which all of the 16 major league clubs could share has been going on for some time, and according to reports at least one of the three members of the national commission has suggested that it may be feasible to do away with the world's series after this year.

## BASEBALL MEETING AT 8 THIS EVENING

Subscribers and All Interested Invited to Lower Grange Hall—Officers Will Be Elected.

There will be a meeting of the subscribers to the baseball guarantee fund, and all those interested, at lower Grange hall this evening at 8 o'clock. A large attendance is earnestly desired.

The business will be reports for 1913 and election of officers for next year.

## KING'S DAUGHTERS CONVENTION

Local Woman Elected Secretary for Windham County.

BURLINGTON, Oct. 3.—The closing session of the 20th annual convention of the Vermont branch of the King's Daughters was held yesterday. Definite action was taken by the convention, looking toward organizing the order in Vermont to do child welfare work, the matter being brought about through the efforts of Mrs. Isabella Charles Davis of New York, chairman of the child's welfare work carried on by the international King's Daughters. An invitation to hold the next convention in White River Junction was accepted.

The following officers were elected: President, Mrs. H. C. Clark, Woodstock; vice-president, Mrs. A. L. Cross, Swanton; corresponding secretary, Mrs. Jennie E. Bruley, Brandon; recording secretary, Mrs. C. E. Nourse, Rutland; treasurer, Mrs. Lucy J. B. Burt, Bennington; auditor, Mrs. Emma L. Harwood, Bennington. Miss Florence Clark of Brattleboro was elected secretary for Windham county.

## SERIOUS TROLLEY ACCIDENT.

Thirty or More Injured When Scranton Car Overturned.

SCRANTON, Pa., Oct. 3. — Thirty or more persons were injured, several possibly fatally, by the overturning today of a Scranton Railway company car bound for Dunmore. Twenty-four of the injured were removed to a hospital. The car, heavily loaded, became stalled on a hill because of slippery rails and began to slide down the slope when the brake chains broke. Striking a curve at the corner of Madison avenue and Pine street, the car toppled over on its side. A number of the passengers jumped from the rear platform and were struck by the car as it went over.

## ARGUMENTS MADE TODAY

Evidence Finished This Morning in Suit Against D. M. Brosnahan

## COURT WILL ADJOURN TO NEXT WEDNESDAY

Charge to Jury Will Be Made Then—Adjournment on Account of Bar Association Meeting and Session of Supreme Court.

The last of the evidence in the \$5000 damage suit brought by Henry F. Jordan, administrator of the estate of William Collier, against Daniel M. Brosnahan, was put in at county court this morning, and this afternoon two of the arguments will be made, after which court will adjourn to next Wednesday afternoon because of the state bar meeting at Montpelier and the supreme court session. The state bar association, of which Clarke C. Fitts of this town, former attorney general of the state, is president, will have as its guest of honor United States Attorney General McReynolds. This is the first time that an attorney general of the United States ever has been a guest of the Vermont bar association.

The Collier suit, which was brought to recover damages for the death of Mr. Collier, who was struck by a team owned by the defendant, has been in progress three days and many local witnesses have been called to testify to what they saw. The defense has set up a claim of contributory negligence in that Mr. Collier, the defense alleges, ran into the street and attempted to stop the heavy team. Much testimony to this effect was put in yesterday afternoon.

Arthur Holden of South Londonderry was the first witness yesterday afternoon and testified that he went with Brosnahan and Putnam when the team was bought of John Warner. He was present at the time of the conversation between Brosnahan and Putnam and did not hear Mr. Putnam say anything about one of the horses having run away. He admitted on cross examination that he knew that one of them had run away, but he did not think to mention it to Brosnahan.

L. L. Dunham of Brattleboro said that he was on his way down Main street on the West side of the street and was above the alley when the team ran out into Main street. He hurried along down the street and saw Collier run from the sidewalk and throw up his hands in front of the team, holding his hat in one of them as he did so.

Dr. George F. Barber was in his office on the day of the accident and heard the commotion. He saw the man, whom he did not know at the time, leave the sidewalk and wave his hat in front of the horses as they approached him. He was asked on cross examination if he saw a bottle in one hand, but said he did not see it.

Frank Hildreth was in Dr. Barber's office at the time and saw what the dentist did.

S. W. Edwards was standing on the steps of E. E. Perry's store when the runaway came down the street. He testified to the actions of Collier substantially as the preceding witnesses had done.

Engene M. Angier, who was with Edwards at the time, corroborated his testimony.

Charles Dunlevy at the time was working for the Dunham Brothers Co. He ran out of the back of the store and followed the driver of the team, Goodell, in his race after them. When the horses were 100 feet away from the lower entrance of the Crosby block he saw a man run out to the street waving his hat in one hand and get in front of the team. This man, whom he learned afterwards was Mr. Collier, tried to grab one of them by the bridle.

Miss Helen Childs was standing on the steps leading to Donnell & Davis's store, in which she was then employed, and saw Mr. Collier wave his hat and hands in front of the team.

Harold Akley of Vernon was standing on the steps of the lower entrance to Crosby block near Collier and saw him when he ran behind the milk wagon and out into the street, waving his hat in front of the team.

W. A. Harris testified that he was talking with Collier and that both heard the runaway coming. When Collier started for the street he called to him: "Come back here. Don't go out there."

Hugh Dunklee was buying soda in the Holden drug store, and with his brother, Albert, went out when attracted by the noise made by the runaway and saw Collier apparently attempt to stop the horses by waving his hands and hat in front of them. His brother corroborated his testimony. Attorney W. D. Smith and Deputy Sheriff C. L. Knapp, both of whom saw the accident from the windows of Gibson & Waterman's office, testified to the effect that Mr. Collier ran into the street and attempted to stop the team.

Charles Goodale, the driver of the team.

(Continued on Page 6.)

## CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

5 cents a line first insertion; 2-12 cents a line each subsequent insertion.

### Wanted

WANTED—Clerk at March's Bakery. 182-17

WANTED—Man at our elevator, work very hard. E. Crosby & Co. 182-17

WANTED—Two bench sawyers. Vermont Lumber Co., Brattleboro. 182-181

WANTED—Married man for general farm work. F. L. Parmelee, Putney. 182-187

WANTED—Boy to work around bakery or young man to learn trade. H. L. March. 181-17

WANTED—Boy 15 to 18 years old to work in press and composing rooms. The Reformer. 180-17

WANTED—Work on private estates by experienced young man. Address T. A. L., care Reformer. 126-17

WANTED—Order apples at Brattleboro depot Saturday, Oct. 4, 30 cents per hundred. F. L. Wellman, 178-182

WANTED—Work called for before Oct. 14. Will close for four weeks hunting. C. L. Howe, Jeweler, 172-183

WANTED—2 rooms, 1 front room, room, furnished and heated, 1 back room, unfurnished, must be lower rent. Address "H.," care Reformer office. 178-17

### For Sale

FOR SALE—Cottage-house, six rooms, easy terms. Edgett & Co. 172-17

FOR SALE—Two tenement houses, \$1,700, \$500 down. Edgett & Co. 172-17

FOR SALE—Furniture and Ranges, new and second-hand at J. B. Dunton's. 125-17

FOR SALE—Regal Bay State coal range at half price; 70 Main street. 125-17

FOR SALE—7 room cottage house. Mrs. Carrie Heustis, 3 Church place. 180-17

FOR SALE—Pair mahogany folding doors with frame. Carl F. Cain, Brattleboro, Vt. 144-17

FOR SALE—40 barrels of apples at Burnett place. Inquire of E. B. Corbett, West Brattleboro. 181-186

FOR SALE—Six cylinder, 1910, Overland, equipped with four new tires. Price, \$400. S. H. Bellows, West Brattleboro. 176-17

FOR SALE—House, 8 rooms and bath, furnace, set tubs and electric lights. S. A. Farr, Thomas St. 179-184

FOR SALE—New Way gasoline engine, 3 1/2 h. p., used but little, a good one. Address E. W. Woodbury, Box 7, East Northfield, Mass. 177-182

FOR SALE—All kinds of hard pine timber, 9 feet long, 10 by 10; 18 1/2 feet long 7 by 10; 36 feet long 10 by 12. Charles Miner. Tel. 197. 162-17

FOR SALE—1 good buggy, 1 cheap Concord, 1 sleigh, 1 good robe, 2 harnesses, whips, straps, etc. Cheap for quick sale. Address "F.," care Reformer office. 178-17

### To Rent

TO RENT—Room, 3 Bullock St. 172-17

TO RENT—Furnished room, 15 Green St. 178-17

TO RENT—5-room tenement, 4 Reed St. P. Manning. 180-17

TO RENT—Large furnished room with use of bath; 117 Elliot St. 179-17

TO RENT—Furnished room, electric lights, furnace heat, 12 1/2 Forest St. 174-17

TO RENT—Furnished rooms, steam and electric lights. Mrs. E. C. Crosby, 40 High Street. 164-17

TO RENT—On Washington street, 6 room cottage. Inquire of E. L. Knowlton, 24 Central St. 181-17

TO RENT—Upstairs tenement for small family at 25 Central Ct. C. L. Cobb, 10 Pearl St. 182-17

TO RENT—Four rooms for light housekeeping near Main St. Address "K.," Reformer office. 179-17

TO RENT—Two floors in Ulrey building annex, suitable for light manufacturing or storage. J. G. Ulrey. 170-17

FOR SALE—Handsome gray cat, "Muff." Liberal reward for return. F. W. Childs. 178-17

FURS repaired and made. Hours 9 to 4. Mrs. E. E. Holmes, 27 Green St. Tel. 10. 27-17

ROUGH DRY, wet wash and finished wash. Brattleboro Custom Laundry. Tel. 222; 54 Elliot St. 180-17

SEWING Machine Needles and supplies for all makes of machines at J. B. Dunton's, 16 Flat St. 172-17

HIGHEST cash prices paid for furs, rubbers, metals, hides, skins and bones. Geo. Gass, 22 Flat St. Tel. office 576-M. 172-17

S. ZAR, 78 Elliot, buys rags, metals, rubbers, papers, cash, trade. Best prices Mail card; I will call. Tel. 209-W. 117-17

CHIROPODY, Shampooing (hand or electric dry), facial massage, etc. Mrs. E. P. Bailey. Tel. 283-M until 9 a. m. and 2 p. m. Office 83 Main St. Tel. 184-J. 174-17

MAPLE TIMBER—We are in the market for hard wood lots, containing maple timber. State location and quantity. Vermont Lumber Co., Brattleboro. 181-17